7

8

9

10

11

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5315

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Senate Early Learning & K-12 Education (originally sponsored by Senators Wellman, Dhingra, Hasegawa, Saldaña, and Van De Wege; by request of Office of Financial Management)

READ FIRST TIME 02/22/19.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to increasing student support staff in the
- 2 prototypical school funding model; amending RCW 28A.150.260 and
- 3 28A.400.007; and providing an effective date.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 28A.150.260 and 2018 c 266 s 101 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
 - The purpose of this section is to provide for the allocation of state funding that the legislature deems necessary to support school districts in offering the minimum instructional program of basic education under RCW 28A.150.220. The allocation shall be determined as follows:
- 12 (1) The governor shall and the superintendent of public 13 instruction may recommend to the legislature a formula for the 14 distribution of a basic education instructional allocation for each 15 common school district.
- (2) (a) The distribution formula under this section shall be for allocation purposes only. Except as may be required under subsections (4) (b) and (c), (5) (b), and (9) of this section, chapter 28A.155, 28A.165, 28A.180, or 28A.185 RCW, or federal laws and regulations, nothing in this section requires school districts to use basic
- 21 education instructional funds to implement a particular instructional

p. 1 SSB 5315

approach or service. Nothing in this section requires school districts to maintain a particular classroom teacher-to-student ratio or other staff-to-student ratio or to use allocated funds to pay for particular types or classifications of staff. Nothing in this section entitles an individual teacher to a particular teacher planning period.

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

1112

13

1415

16

17

1819

2021

2223

2425

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

3839

40

(b) To promote transparency in state funding allocations, the superintendent of public instruction must report state per-pupil allocations for each school district for the general apportionment, special education, learning assistance, transitional bilingual, highly capable, and career and technical education programs. The superintendent must also report state general apportionment per-pupil allocations by grade for each school district. The superintendent must report this information in a user-friendly format on the main page of the office's web site and on school district apportionment reports. School districts must include a link to the superintendent's per-pupil allocations report on the main page of the school district's web site. In addition, the budget documents published by the legislature for the enacted omnibus operating appropriations act must report statewide average per-pupil allocations for general apportionment and the categorical programs listed in this subsection.

(3)(a) To the extent the technical details of the formula have been adopted by the legislature and except when specifically provided as a school district allocation, the distribution formula for the basic education instructional allocation shall be based on minimum staffing and nonstaff costs the legislature deems necessary to support instruction and operations in prototypical schools serving high, middle, and elementary school students as provided in this section. The use of prototypical schools for the distribution formula does not constitute legislative intent that schools should be operated or structured in a similar fashion as the prototypes. Prototypical schools illustrate the level of resources needed to operate a school of a particular size with particular types and grade levels of students using commonly understood terms and inputs, such as class size, hours of instruction, and various categories of school staff. It is the intent that the funding allocations to school districts be adjusted from the school prototypes based on the actual number of annual average full-time equivalent students in each grade level at each school in the district and not based on the grade-level configuration of the school to the extent that data is available. The

p. 2 SSB 5315

allocations shall be further adjusted from the school prototypes with minimum allocations for small schools and to reflect other factors identified in the omnibus appropriations act.

- (b) For the purposes of this section, prototypical schools are defined as follows:
- (i) A prototypical high school has six hundred average annual full-time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve;
- 8 (ii) A prototypical middle school has four hundred thirty-two 9 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and 10 eight; and
- 11 (iii) A prototypical elementary school has four hundred average 12 annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through 13 six.
 - (4) (a) (i) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall be based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to provide instruction over the minimum required annual instructional hours under RCW 28A.150.220 and provide at least one teacher planning period per school day, and based on the following general education average class size of full-time equivalent students per teacher:

21	General edu	cation
22	average clas	s size
23	Grades K-3	17.00
24	Grade 4	27.00
25	Grades 5-6	27.00
26	Grades 7-8	28.53
27	Grades 9-12	28.74

(ii) The minimum class size allocation for each prototypical high school shall also provide for enhanced funding for class size reduction for two laboratory science classes within grades nine through twelve per full-time equivalent high school student multiplied by a laboratory science course factor of 0.0833, based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to provide instruction over the minimum required annual instructional hours in RCW 28A.150.220, and providing at least one teacher planning period per school day:

37				Laboratory science
38				average class size
39	Grades 9-12.	 	 	19.98

p. 3 SSB 5315

- 1 (b)(i) Beginning September 1, 2019, funding for average K-3 class 2 sizes in this subsection (4) may be provided only to the extent of, 3 and proportionate to, the school district's demonstrated actual class 4 size in grades K-3, up to the funded class sizes.
- 5 (ii) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop rules to implement this subsection (4)(b).
- 7 (c)(i) The minimum allocation for each prototypical middle and 8 high school shall also provide for full-time equivalent classroom 9 teachers based on the following number of full-time equivalent 10 students per teacher in career and technical education:

Career and technical 11 12 education average 13 class size 14 Approved career and technical education offered at 15 16 Skill center programs meeting the standards established 17 by the office of the superintendent of public 18

- 19 (ii) Funding allocated under this subsection (4)(c) is subject to 20 RCW 28A.150.265.
- 21 (d) In addition, the omnibus appropriations act shall at a 22 minimum specify:
- (i) A high-poverty average class size in schools where more than fifty percent of the students are eligible for free and reduced-price meals; and
- 26 (ii) A specialty average class size for advanced placement and 27 international baccalaureate courses.
- 28 (5) (a) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical 29 school shall include allocations for the following types of staff in 30 addition to classroom teachers:

31		Elementary	Middle	High
32		School	School	School
33	Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated building-level			
34	administrators	1.253	1.353	1.880
35	Teacher-librarians, a function that includes information literacy, technology,			
36	and media to support school library media programs	0.663	0.519	0.523

Health and social services:

p. 4 SSB 5315

1	School nurses.	0.076	0.060	0.096
2		0.042		
	Social workers.		0.006	0.015
3	Psychologists	0.017	0.002	0.007
4	Guidance counselors, a function that includes parent outreach and graduation			
5	advising	0.493	1.216	2.539
6	Teaching assistance, including any aspect of educational instructional services			
7	provided by classified employees	0.936	0.700	0.652
8	Office support and other noninstructional aides	2.012	2.325	3.269
9	Custodians	1.657	1.942	2.965
10	Classified staff providing student and staff safety.	0.079	0.092	0.141
11	Parent involvement coordinators	0.0825	0.00	0.00
1.0		0010 0001		, 1
12 13	(b) In addition, beginning in the beginning with school districts with the	2019-2021 highest		
14	students eligible for free and reduced-pr			ne prior
15	school year, the following additional allocat			-
16			_	
17		Elementary School	Middle School	<u>High</u> School
18	TT 10 1 1 1 1	<u>School</u>	<u>School</u>	<u>SCHOOI</u>
	Health and social services:			
19	School nurses.	0.5090	0.8280	<u>0.1310</u>
20	Social workers.	<u>0.2690</u>	0.0820	<u>0.1120</u>
21	Psychologists.	<u>0.0870</u>	0.0220	<u>0.0420</u>
22	Guidance counselors, a function that includes parent outreach and graduation			
23	advising	<u>0.0070</u>	<u>0.7840</u>	0.0000
24	(i) During the 2019-2021 biennium, sch	nool dist	ricts w	ith more
25	than fifty percent of the students eligible			
26	price meals shall receive the additional			
27	subsection (5)(b).			
28	(ii) During the 2021-2023 biennium, sc	nool dist	ricts w	ith more
29	than thirty-five percent of the students	eligible	e for f	ree and
30	reduced-price meals shall receive the addi	tional al	location	ns under
31	this subsection (5)(b).			
32	(iii) Beginning with the 2023-2025 bienn			
33	shall receive the additional allocations	under	this su	<u>ubsection</u>
34	<u>(5) (b) .</u>			

p. 5 SSB 5315

1	(iv) Funding for the additional allocations under this subsection
2	(5) (b) may be provided only to the extent of, and proportionate to,
3	the school district's demonstrated actual increased staffing or
4	existing staffing for school nurses, social workers, school
5	psychologists, and guidance counselors to the funded allocations.
6	(6)(a) The minimum staffing allocation for each school district
7	to provide district-wide support services shall be allocated per one
8	thousand annual average full-time equivalent students in grades K-12
9	as follows:
10	Staff per 1,000
11	K-12 students
12	Technology
13	Facilities, maintenance, and grounds
14	Warehouse, laborers, and mechanics 0.332
15	(b) The minimum allocation of staff units for each school
16	district to support certificated and classified staffing of central
17	administration shall be 5.30 percent of the staff units generated
18	under subsections (4)(a) and (5) of this section and (a) of this
19	subsection.
20	(7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations
21	to school districts for career and technical education and skill
22	center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as
23	specified in the omnibus appropriations act.
24	(8)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the minimum
25	allocation for each school district shall include allocations per
26	annual average full-time equivalent student for the following
27	materials, supplies, and operating costs as provided in the 2017-18
28	school year, after which the allocations shall be adjusted annually
29	for inflation as specified in the omnibus appropriations act:
30	Per annual average
31	full-time equivalent student
32	in grades K-12
33	Technology
34	Utilities and insurance
35	Curriculum and textbooks
36	Other supplies
37	Library materials
38	Instructional professional development for certificated and

39

classified staff.

p. 6 SSB 5315

. \$21.71

1	Facilities maintenance
2	Security and central office administration \$121.94
3	(b) In addition to the amounts provided in (a) of this
4	subsection, beginning in the 2014-15 school year, the omnibus
5	appropriations act shall provide the following minimum allocation for
6	each annual average full-time equivalent student in grades nine
7	through twelve for the following materials, supplies, and operating
8	costs, to be adjusted annually for inflation:
9	Per annual average
10	full-time equivalent student
11	in grades 9-12
12	Technology
13	Curriculum and textbooks
14	Other supplies
15	Library materials
16	Instructional professional development for certificated and
17	classified staff
18	(9) In addition to the amounts provided in subsection (8) of this
19	section and subject to RCW 28A.150.265, the omnibus appropriations
20	act shall provide an amount based on full-time equivalent student
21	enrollment in each of the following:
22	(a) Exploratory career and technical education courses for
23	students in grades seven through twelve;
24	(b) Preparatory career and technical education courses for
25	students in grades nine through twelve offered in a high school; and
26	(c) Preparatory career and technical education courses for
27	students in grades eleven and twelve offered through a skill center.
28	(10) In addition to the allocations otherwise provided under this
29	section, amounts shall be provided to support the following programs
30	and services:
31	(a)(i) To provide supplemental instruction and services for
32	students who are not meeting academic standards through the learning
33	assistance program under RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065,

allocations shall be based on the district percentage of students in

grades K-12 who were eligible for free or reduced-price meals in the

prior school year. The minimum allocation for the program shall provide for each level of prototypical school resources to provide,

on a statewide average, 2.3975 hours per week in extra instruction

34

35

36

37

38

p. 7 SSB 5315

with a class size of fifteen learning assistance program students per teacher.

- (ii) In addition to funding allocated under (a)(i) of this subsection, to provide supplemental instruction and services for students who are not meeting academic standards in qualifying schools. A qualifying school means a school in which the three-year rolling average of the prior year total annual average enrollment that qualifies for free or reduced-price meals equals or exceeds fifty percent or more of its total annual average enrollment. The minimum allocation for this additional high poverty-based allocation must provide for each level of prototypical school resources to provide, on a statewide average, 1.1 hours per week in extra instruction with a class size of fifteen learning assistance program students per teacher, under RCW 28A.165.055, school districts must distribute the high poverty-based allocation to the schools that generated the funding allocation.
- (b)(i) To provide supplemental instruction and services for students whose primary language is other than English, allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in each school who are eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080. The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 4.7780 hours per week in extra instruction for students in grades kindergarten through six and 6.7780 hours per week in extra instruction for students in grades seven through twelve, with fifteen transitional bilingual instruction program students per teacher. Notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection (10), the actual per-student allocation may be scaled to provide a larger allocation for students needing more intensive intervention and a commensurate reduced allocation for students needing less intensive intervention, detailed in the omnibus appropriations act.
- (ii) To provide supplemental instruction and services for students who have exited the transitional bilingual program, allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in each school who have exited the transitional bilingual program within the previous two years based on their performance on the English proficiency assessment and are eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.040(1)(g). The minimum allocation for each prototypical

p. 8 SSB 5315

school shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 3.0 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen exited students per teacher.

- (c) To provide additional allocations to support programs for highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010 through 28A.185.030, allocations shall be based on 5.0 percent of each school district's full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. The minimum allocation for the programs shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 2.1590 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen highly capable program students per teacher.
- (11) The allocations under subsections (4)(a), (5), (6), and (8) of this section shall be enhanced as provided under RCW 28A.150.390 on an excess cost basis to provide supplemental instructional resources for students with disabilities.
- (12)(a) For the purposes of allocations for prototypical high schools and middle schools under subsections (4) and (10) of this section that are based on the percent of students in the school who are eligible for free and reduced-price meals, the actual percent of such students in a school shall be adjusted by a factor identified in the omnibus appropriations act to reflect underreporting of free and reduced-price meal eligibility among middle and high school students.
- (b) Allocations or enhancements provided under subsections (4), (7), and (9) of this section for exploratory and preparatory career and technical education courses shall be provided only for courses approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction under chapter 28A.700 RCW.
- (13)(a) This formula for distribution of basic education funds shall be reviewed biennially by the superintendent and governor. The recommended formula shall be subject to approval, amendment or rejection by the legislature.
- (b) In the event the legislature rejects the distribution formula recommended by the governor, without adopting a new distribution formula, the distribution formula for the previous school year shall remain in effect.
- (c) The enrollment of any district shall be the annual average number of full-time equivalent students and part-time students as provided in RCW 28A.150.350, enrolled on the first school day of each month, including students who are in attendance pursuant to RCW 28A.335.160 and 28A.225.250 who do not reside within the servicing school district. The definition of full-time equivalent student shall

p. 9 SSB 5315

be determined by rules of the superintendent of public instruction and shall be included as part of the superintendent's biennial budget request. The definition shall be based on the minimum instructional hour offerings required under RCW 28A.150.220. Any revision of the present definition shall not take effect until approved by the house ways and means committee and the senate ways and means committee.

- (d) The office of financial management shall make a monthly review of the superintendent's reported full-time equivalent students in the common schools in conjunction with RCW 43.62.050.
- Sec. 2. RCW 28A.400.007 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 13 s 904 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) In addition to the staffing units in RCW 28A.150.260, the superintendent of public instruction must provide school districts with allocations for the following staff units if and to the extent that funding is specifically appropriated and designated for that category of staffing unit in the omnibus operating appropriations act.
- 18 (a) Additional staffing units for each level of prototypical school in RCW 28A.150.260:

21		School	School	School
22 23	Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated building-level administrators.	0.0470	0.0470	0.0200
24 25	Teacher-librarians, a function that includes information literacy, technology, and media to support school library media programs.	0.3370	0.4810	0.4770
26	Health and social services:			
27 28	School nurses.	((0.5090)) <u>0.0000</u>	((0.8280)) <u>0.0000</u>	((0.7280)) <u>0.5970</u>
29 30	Social workers	((0.2690)) <u>0.0000</u>	((0.0820)) <u>0.0000</u>	((0.1120)) <u>0.0000</u>
31 32	Psychologists	((0.0870)) <u>0.0000</u>	((0.0220)) <u>0.0000</u>	((0.0420)) <u>0.0000</u>
33 34	Guidance counselors, a function that includes parent outreach and graduation advising.	((0.0070)) <u>0.0000</u>	((0.7840)) <u>0.0000</u>	0.9610
35	Teaching assistance, including any aspect of educational instructional services			
36	provided by classified employees	1.0640	0.3000	0.3480

p. 10 SSB 5315

Elementary

Middle

High

_	onice support and onice nominal actional actions.
2	Custodians. 0.0430 0.0580 0.0350
3	Classified staff providing student and staff safety
4	Parent involvement coordinators
5 6 7	(b) Additional certificated instructional staff units sufficient to achieve the following reductions in class size in each level of prototypical school under RCW 28A.150.260:
8	General education
9	certificated instructional
10	staff units sufficient to
11	achieve class size reduction of:
12	Grades K-3 class size
13	Grade 4
14	Grades 5-6
15	Grades 7-8
16	Grades 9-12
17	CTE
18	Skills
19	High poverty
20	certificated instructional
21	staff units sufficient to
22	achieve class size reduction of:
23	Grades K-3 class size
24	Grade 4
25	Grades 5-6
26	Grades 7-8
27	Grades 9-12
28	(2) The staffing units in subsection (1) of this section are an
29	enrichment to and are beyond the state's statutory program of basic
30	education in RCW 28A.150.220 and 28A.150.260. However, if and to the
31	extent that any of these additional staffing units are funded by
32	specific reference to this section in the omnibus operating
33	appropriations act, those units become part of prototypical school
34	funding formulas and a component of the state funding that the
0.5	

legislature deems necessary to support school districts in offering

the statutory program of basic education under Article IX, section 1

Office support and other noninstructional aides.....

1

3536

37

of the state Constitution.

p. 11 SSB 5315

0.9880

1.1750

0.2310

- 1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** Section 2 of this act takes effect
- 2 September 1, 2023.

--- END ---

p. 12 SSB 5315